

Überblick der wichtigsten Zeiten im Englischen

Zeitform	Bildung	Verwendung
<u>S.Present</u>	+ : she eats - : she doesn't eat ? : Does she eat...?	- bei regelmäßigen Handlungen, Aussagen, Feststellungen - <i>sometimes, often, usually, every week/year, on Mondays,...</i>
<u>Present Progressive</u>	+ : she is eating - : she isn't eating ? : Is she eating...?	- bei Handlungen, die noch im Verlauf sind - <i>now, at the moment, at 8 o'clock, Look, ... / Listen, ...</i>
<u>Present Perfect</u>	+ : she has eaten - : she hasn't eaten ? : Has she eaten...?	- bei Handlungen, die abgeschlossen sind, deren Ergebnis aber noch in die Gegenwart reicht - <i>just, already, before, After..., since</i>
<u>Simple Past</u>	+ : she ate - : she didn't eat ? : Did she eat...?	- abgeschl. Handlungen der Vergangenheit, mit Zeitangabe - <i>in 1984, yesterday, last week, an hour ago,...</i>
<u>Past Progressive</u>	+ : she was eating - : she wasn't eating ? : Was she eating...?	- Verlaufshandlungen der Vergangenheit - <i>at that time, while, ...</i>
<u>Past Perfect</u>	+ : she had eaten - : she hadn't eaten ? : Had she eaten...?	- Handlungen, die zu einem Zeitpunkt der Vergangenheit bereits beendet waren - <i>before, After..., ...</i>
<u>Future I</u>	+ : she will eat - : she won't eat ? : Will she eat...?	- Feststellungen in der Zukunft, spontane Pläne - <i>next week/year, tomorrow</i>
<u>Future II</u>	+ : she will have eaten - : she won't have eaten ? : Will she have eaten...?	- Handlungen, die vor einem Zeitpunkt der Zukunft bereits beendet sind
<u>Going-to-Future</u>	+ : she is going to eat - : she isn't going to eat ? : Is she going to eat...?	- langfristige Pläne für die Zukunft